Sugar Plus

Fuelling the Future of Food, Energy and Fabrication

July 2022

The Sugar Plus vision

Our vision is to become a vibrant, transforming industry, sustainably producing sugar and bioproducts at the heart of regional communities. This will enable exploration of the potential to position the industry at the heart of Australia's future bioeconomy, enabled by supportive government policy settings and new investment. Realising this vision and maximising this opportunity requires a strong focus on environmental benefits across the value chain.



This would make Australia a bioeconomy powerhouse, centred on the sugar industry

bioplastics industry

Infrastructure



self-sufficiency

communities

September Q2 2022 June 2021 August 2021 July 2022 History 2020 Taskforces SRA and CRCNA Formation of Launch of Sugar Development defined and project Steering Plus vision and commence of initiative of Sugar Plus implementation partnership Committee roadmap commences concept Industry New New business New Government collaboration models technologies infrastructure policy support to success

July 2022

Fellow industry participants,

Fuelling the Future of Food, Energy and Fabrication – Australia's sugarcane Roadmap

The future of our industry is bright, but it is not without challenge. That's why representatives from across the industry's value chain have come together to co-develop this roadmap, setting out how we can collaborate to strengthen and expand our important industry over the medium to long term.

Our history and value chain are complex. While we have come a long way – and have many attributes which are enviable relative to other agricultural commodities in Australia – the world and its people, tastes, preferences and ways of farming and doing business continue to evolve.

The industry in Australia must keep up, and make the most of the huge opportunities in front of us.

The sugarcane plant is one of the most resilient and adaptable plants on Earth – it is the perfect ingredient to help fuel the future of Food, Energy and Fabrication:

Food is where it all starts – raw sugar will continue to play an important role in feeding the world over the long term, and sugar is an important feedstock for the new generation of animal-free foods;

Energy that builds on current co-generated power and ethanol production to provide the next frontier of sustainable mobility and power – the sugarcane plant is one of the best natural sources for transforming into renewable energy and biofuels for heavy transport and aviation; and

Fabrication for the future – making products that enable a more sustainable way of life, including much-needed replacements for the many plastic items that are produced and used every day.

Our industry knows that these opportunities need to be pursued in a sustainable manner. We are committed to growth pathways that look after our people, the products we produce, and the planet.

To realise the Sugar Plus vision, this roadmap sets out measures to strengthen and build our industry, whilst charting a path to a bigger, bolder future for the businesses and communities at the heart of our industry's future in Australia. While some parts of this roadmap are focused on **better business-as-usual** and **adding value** to current operations across the value chain, other parts are about the steps we need to take to unlock the vast opportunities presented by the **bioeconomy**.

Realising the opportunities will take significant effort and collaborative action across the industry, supported by our partners in the State and Federal governments. The undersigned stand together in common support of this industry roadmap.

Yours sincerely,

John Pratt Chairman, Australian Sugar Milling Council

P4 to P7 An overview of the Industry and the scenarios that are likely to emerge

122 milin

Owen Menkens Chairman, CANEGROWERS

P8 to P11 Foundations of the roadmap and the scale of the emerging bioeconomy

Ricky Mio President, AgForce Cane

P12 to P25 Details of recommended measures, and industry success stories

Don Murday Chairman, Australian Cane Farmers Association

P26 to P30 Implementation plan, success metrics and proposed governance

Industry organisations acknowledge and thank Pottinger for its role in engaging across the industry supply chain and developing this roadmap on our behalf. We also thank and acknowledge our funding partners and collaborators who are identified below.













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Department of Primary Industries and Regional Development



Australian Government
 Department of Indentry, Science,
 Energy and Resources

Ausindustry Cooperative Research Centres Program

Our industry is critical to Australian agriculture



Sugarcane is grown between Mossman in Queensland and northern NSW and processed in 22 mills

Figures for the 2020 season, by region

Millions of tonnes of sugarcane crushed





Sugar and sugarcane have many uses

Examples of current end uses



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Alcohol

Baking

Medicine

 \heartsuit

Bioethanol



Domestic use

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Cogeneration



We face significant risks and opportunities

Our industry has faced significant challenges over the last 20 years

Many of these factors are outside of the control of industry stakeholders



2,939

Environmental impact matters

Asia

(Emerging),

10,218

Farmers are guardians of the environment

North

Amercia,

3,814



The regional bioeconomy offers huge upside

2005 to 2014

Sugarcane is an important bioproduct feedstock



0.0%

-0.5%





Competition from

other sources

Developed countries

Developing countries

2024

2015 to 2024

-

Bioplastics

Biofuels

Alt-proteins

The Sugar Plus vision represents potential for substantial long-term growth by expanding activities to address the very large bioeconomy markets, which can be created with the right collaboration across the industry and the right public policy support. The scale of this opportunity is enormous, as sugarcane and sugar are attractive and sustainable hydrocarbon feedstocks.

Three broad trends are driving development

These trends set the context for the industry over the short, medium and long term



Near term: short term price cycles

The industry will continue to swing from periods of short-term undersupply (and stronger sugar and sugarcane prices) and short-term oversupply (and weaker prices). This may be caused by a variety of factors, including expanded output from Brazil or other major exporting nations, weather-related crop losses in key exporting nations, and/or new domestic crops in major importing nations.

Medium term: ongoing slow growth in overall demand

The underlying trend of slow increases in global demand for sugar is likely to continue, with ongoing pressure for all operators to continue to improve operational efficiency to remain competitive. This places less efficient growing regions under increasing pressure. Meanwhile, global price volatility remains consistent with historic trends as demand grows slowly.

Longer term: substantial increase in demand from the bioeconomy

Demand for *sustainable* hydrocarbons from farming rather than the fossil fuel industry will likely increase significantly over the next 10 to 20 years, especially for bioplastics and biofuels for heavy transport and/or aviation. This would increase demand for sugarcane-derived products dramatically, benefiting countries with the capacity to expand the harvest and that invest in processing infrastructure.

The Sugar Plus vision addresses these trends

The Sugar Plus vision aims to improve the efficiency and reliability of the industry in the near term, and to provide a platform to achieve substantial growth over the medium to long term.

The focus is not on volume per se, but on improving industry profitability, whilst also ensuring that there is a continued focus on ensuring environmental benefits across the entire value chain.

Many of the measures required to achieve the vision are already well understood, and accordingly there is a strong emphasis on catalysing and supporting collaborative action across the industry.

Today's industry	Near-term objectives	New horizons	Long-term potential
Striving for "better business as usual", wi	nilst improving utilisation of		
existing assets with increased sugarcane	volumes and sugar output		
	(C)		
RELIABILITY	EFFICIENCY		
Expanding horizons through new added-value products, in order to generate better returns and create new revenue streams to diversify risk			
+••			
SCALE			
Potential for substantial expansion of the industry as the backbone for Australian bioeconomic superhighway – so long as environmental and ecological sustainability can be assured. This will require significant government			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		



The required measures address four broad topics



The roadmap reflects three core principles

The objectives of this roadmap

The roadmap describes the Sugar Plus vision and sets out an initial framework through which the entire industry can work together to deliver the vision, based on the three broad principles outlined below.

It also illustrates the role that the industry can play in supporting Australia's long term economic development, including the importance of agricultural production in helping the transition to net zero across numerous industries.

Additive to Australian agriculture

Implementation should not be disruptive to today's industry and is not designed to displace existing sugarcane and raw sugar production. Rather, the objective is to increase value added per hectare over the near to medium term , and through this maximise the opportunity to expand sugarcane production substantially over the medium to long term to meet emerging demand for new sustainable hydrocarbon sources.



The bioeconomy offers an enormous opportunity



Current Australian sugar production is approximately 4.3m tonnes a year

Domestic Australian demand alone will be huge



The Sugar Plus vision aims to unlock this potential

Our industry can position itself at the centre of an Australian Bioeconomy Superhighway

The near-term focus is to maximise the reliability and efficiency of existing production, whilst simultaneously improving environmental performance in an economically sustainable manner. This provides the platform on which the industry can expand to provide an ecologically sustainable domestic source of hydrocarbons so that Australia can meet 2050 net zero targets. Over the long term, this could create a substantially larger industry, whilst also enabling Australia to become increasingly self-sufficient, thus improving both economic resilience and national security.



This will ensure a thriving and sustainable industry

To become a vibrant, transforming industry, sustainably producing sugar and bioproducts at the heart of regional communities, we need to work hard to fix some things which are right in front of us while planning for the bigger picture. This means sustainably improving reliability and efficiency in our own businesses and throughout the supply chain now and taking steps to supercharge the roll-out of bioeconomy initiatives. Delivering the vision will require strong policy support to ensure demand and national co-ordination to deliver industrial-scale developments and support the development of critical infrastructure.



The actions needed today are broadly agreed



Many on-farm initiatives can improve yields and expand sugarcane production



Collaboration amongst local farmers is important to overall industry efficiency



Mills provide critical infrastructure and a focal point for regional initiatives

Reliability

Improve agronomic practices Improve varietal selection process Develop succession plans Defend and grow land under sugarcane Improve access to inputs Support sugarcane land expansion Asset renewal programme (vertical and horizontal expansion) Transport efficiency review

Efficiency

Complementary crops Adopt new varietals/technology Better price risk management Leverage group buying power Farming best practice initiatives Succession support/land transfer Equipment sharing

Long term mill efficiency initiatives Water efficiency initiatives Support soil health and crop rotation

Scale

Alternative farming structures Reinvestment programme Business training to improve decision making

Support for new farmers Leasing land Support land consolidation Incentivise sugarcane growing Productivity boards training programme (upskill advisors) Evolve long-term investment plans

Adopt new farming technology Data to improve efficiency and profitability Diversify income sources Advocacy – build support for the industry Improve access to finance Attract new talent to the sector Improve varietal development and adoption strategies Invest in new value add products Facilitate local industry collaboration

This will ensure a thriving and sustainable industry



Some initiatives require national co-ordination and/or policy/ regulatory change

Promote operational resilience education Data driven risk management Ensure plant breeding innovation Detailed profile of industry participants to support decision making Consolidation of industry data to improve quality

> Agricultural best practice incentives Resources to support industry collaboration Assist on-farm productivity Data and tools to support decision-making Incentivise on-farm technology adoption Promote more efficient water use

Government/industry working groups to provide support and leadership nationally Sustainability framework for agriculture Global competitive analysis to understand Australia's competitive advantage Analysis on competing land uses Incentivise sustainable expansion of industry

Implement bioplastics plan to reduce waste New/improved water infrastructure Industry in-bound investment document Review foreign investment rules for the industry and resolve investment barriers Develop biofuels plan addressing needs of various sectors Support the wider bioeconomy

Growth

The industry has a history of innovating to succeed

Examples of successful implementation of new approaches to improve reliability and efficiency and to drive industry scale and growth are evident across the industry. While there are notable industry scale achievements, it has been largely up to individuals to drive most changes with widespread adoption of initiatives slow to follow.

Key - examples of past successful implementation of new approaches and current endeavours



The Sugar Plus vision is to inspire collaborative action





There are numerous barriers to action



Collaboration is essential to unlock progress

There is strong support amongst stakeholders for the importance of acting on these opportunities

"The industry needs a shared vision that goes beyond sugar that everyone can rally behind." "We need an aspirational target for sugarcane production volume and a plan to get there."

There is also broad recognition that collaboration is required to overcome the barriers to action

Confidence in mill reliability	Access to water and cost	Confidence in crop size	Absence of industry vision
Willingness to change	Willingness to collaborate	Lack of national policy	No clear national plan
Visibility of profitability	Lack of co-ordination	Cost of infrastructure	Lack of policy support
Access to capital and land	Need for leadership	Returns on new investment	Resolve investment barriers

Actions must focus primarily on long-term return investment, not on short-term revenue impact



Revenue per hectare is a poor metric



Decisions should account for all operating costs...



...as well as the extent of capital investment



Implications for risks should also be factored in

Trust needs to be rebuilt between stakeholders to overcome the complexity of the value chain

"Sugar is not enough. Our industry is well positioned to capitalise on very significant opportunities but in order to do so we must see past our individual differences and work collaboratively."

Local, regional and national support is needed today

Overview

On the following pages, we set out the various measures that could be implemented to address risks and unlock opportunities within the industry. These range from relatively modest measures that can be implemented by individual farms with minimal cost through to largescale, national initiatives that would require substantial investment and coordinated policy support. These summaries also highlight the extent of collaboration that may be required with other stakeholders, as well as the likely timescale required to achieve meaningful impact. Innovation will be central to many actions at all levels.

Actions that can be taken at the individual farm level

Some measures can readily be implemented by individual farms. The majority of these measures require modest investment amounts and can be implemented in the short term. The payback period tends to be relatively low. Information about programmes linked to these measures is abundant, e.g. SIX EASY STEPS or Smartcane BMP. Many of these initiatives have already been implemented by growers across the country.

Actions that can be taken at the local community level

A variety of measures can be implemented amongst local communities, including through collaboration between farmers, local communities and local/regional government bodies. These include a range of measures that can support a vibrant farming ecosystem and can help to ensure retention of skills and business ownership within the local community.

Actions that require regional coordination and/or the support of a mill

Some measures must be initiated by mill owners and/or require collaboration between farmers and downstream infrastructure operators (including mills). There are also various measures which will benefit from regional policy support.

Actions that require national leadership and coordination

There are a variety of measures that can benefit the industry nationally. Examples include actions related to education and awareness of key topics, as well as matters related to innovation and best practice (including R&D and data). In addition, there are measures which require government policy and regulatory changes and (for the largest opportunities) may require financial incentives too, at least at the outset.











Measures requiring action taken on-farm

The following list of actions can be undertaken by individual farms across different growing regions. These measures have the potential to increase the resilience of on-farm businesses independently of actions implemented at other points in the value chain.



Degree of collaboration that is required and stakeholders involved

	Low	Moderate		High
_	A management in a second second	dusti itu bu sa salastina Casatasa a DMD/CIV.		Typical timing
	Get in touch with your agronomist/p	productivity by e.g. adopting smartcane BMP/SIX E. productivity board to get implementation advic	ASY STEPS. re	Now
	Varietal selection: Increase produc and SRA to define which varietals are	tivity crop resilience. Consult with your producti e optimal for each block of your paddock(s)	ivity board	Now
	Price risk management: Improve b with support from your financial adv	usiness resilience by using price risk manageme risor, marketing company or peak body	ent tools,	Now
	Complementary crops: Improve re crops. Consult productivity board/ag	silience and efficiency – farm complementary ro gronomist/DAF on best options	otational	Now
	Reinvestment programme: Levera investments and grow your busines:	ge profits from good years to carry out targeted and increase your business resilience	k	Now
	Business training: Get a better und Reach out to your peak body for cou	erstanding of your profitability to improve decis Irse(s) recommendations	sion making.	Near term
	Succession planning: Ensure an ore financial advisor to discuss and established by the second	derly transition of your business. Engage and wo blish future plans for your farm	ork with your	Near term
	Alternative farming structures: Co your profitability. Your peak body ca	onsider leasing and/or share farming options to n provide additional details on this matter	increase	Near term
	Diversify income sources: Develop nature/biodiversity services, reef cre	new revenues from agricultural carbon capture dits, as well as new forms of off-farm income	e, and	Medium term
	Energy and water management: I water allocation. Optimise water use	mprove productivity and efficiency by effectivel through recycling on farm	ly using your	Medium term
	New technology: Improve your effi Consult with your peak body on opp	ciency and profitability by adopting new techno portunities	ology.	Medium term
	Data: Improve your efficiency and p Consult your peak body for ideas on	rofitability by using data to support your decision how to use data in your farm	on-making.	Medium term

Resources









2. SIX EASY STEPS











8. Nutrient management

Measures requiring community collaboration

These initiatives usually require a degree of collaboration amongst local communities/farms as they largely rely on access to scale economies. Some larger farms may be able to implement some or all of these initiative on their own account.



Degree of collaboration that is required and stakeholders involved

Low	Moderate		High
			Typical timing
Defend and grow land under can sugarcane land and protect suitable	e: Advocate for and support the maintenance of land for future sugarcane expansion	of existing	Now
Farming best practice initiatives: improve productivity in the medium	Invest in the implementation of farming best p n to long-term, e.g. soil health	ractices that	Now
Attract new talent to the sector: D and ensure the continuity of supply	Develop a strategy to attract young people to th chain operations	ne industry	Now
Advocacy: Secure government sup current gov. support for the industry	port for priority areas (as needed). Start with a r / versus potential applications and resulting be	review of nefits	Now
Equipment sharing: Lower unit cost and millers that secures discounts o	st of planting and harvesting. Form a co-op wit n bulk equipment orders and leasing equipmen	h growers nt	Now
Support for new farmers: Make it of developing resources on "getting sta	easy for new entrants to acquire and operate fa arted" plus provide grants/incentives to get star	rms by ted	Near term
Improve access to finance: Facilita practices. Create a capital pooling m	te acquisition of new land and use of better far nechanism for the benefit of the industry/region	ming n	Near term
Improve access to inputs: Lower u growers and millers that secures disc	nit cost of planting and production. Form a co- counts on bulk orders for inputs (e.g. fertiliser)	op with	Near term
Leverage group buying power: Lo the formation of a co-op that negot	ower the unit cost of planting and harvesting the iates bulk discounts on behalf of members	nrough e.g.	Medium term
Succession support: Facilitate the t through e.g. the formation of a land	ransfer of land and operation from retiring to n bank or leasing programme	new growers	Medium term
Leasing land: Increase productivity partnership with financing company	by facilitating land access to interested grower y that facilitates leasing agreements	rs through	Medium term
Support land consolidation: Imple cane land. Assess role of tech as an e	ement policy changes that facilitate orderly cor enabler (e.g. autonomous vehicles)	nsolidation of	Medium term
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Resources



<u>1. Qld Gov Ioans</u>



<u>4. Help farmers</u> protect the reef









<u>6. Project Cane</u> <u>Changer</u>

Measures requiring mill area action

These initiatives require a degree of regional co-ordination, including both support from local government and/or from a mill or other regional infrastructure provider. Some of the actions may require external financial and/or government policy and/or regulatory amendments.



Degree of collaboration that is required and stakeholders involved

Low	Moderate		High
			Typical timing
Facilitate local industry collaboration readily millers, growers and collaboration readily collaboration readily and collaboration readily collaboration r	tion: Form local industry representative workin searchers to work on industry priorities	ig group(s) of	Now
Improve varietal development an at each block in each region and the	d adoption strategies: Ensure the right variet right information is used to support decisions	ies are grown	Now
Develop financial mechanisms to and/or adoption of best practices th	incentivise cane growing: To increase land un rough a financing scheme led by local industry	nder cane /	Now
Productivity boards training prog advice provided by productivity boa	ramme: Ensure standardisation and quality of rds by developing a training programme	varietals	Near term
Water efficiency: Increase producti assessment of economic benefits of	on volume by increasing water use efficiency th increased water use	hrough	Near term
Asset renewal programme: Ensure Devise a plan with requisite investm	e milling assets are maintained to an appropriat ent needs and funding plan	e standard.	Medium term
Support soil health: Improve land practices and crop rotation targeting	oroductivity by incentivising growers' adoption g soil health	of best	Medium term
Evolve long term investment plan ongoing investment, in close collabo	s: Increase reliability of mills to optimise proces pration with growers	ssing time via	Medium term
Support cane land expansion: De and other growers to expand, retain	vise incentives to encourage growers to enter t ing capital in the industry	he industry	Medium term
Transport efficiency: Ensure efficie and define reinvestment plans and p	nt utilisation of transport assets. Review existing potential for improvements	g logistics	Medium term
Long term mill efficiency improve global best practices for sugar millin	ment initiatives: Monitor and continue to imp g	olement	Medium term
Invest in new value add products value sharing with appropriate com	Define new models/structures that enable inv mercial risk/reward allocations	estment and	Medium term

Resources





4. A pathway to sustainable cane supply



2. Queensland's Biofutures 10-Year Action Plan and Roadmap



3. Queensland Government loans



<u>5. Milling Sector</u> <u>Bioenergy Agenda</u> <u>Report</u>

National collaboration will be essential



There are various initiatives that require whole-of-industry co-ordination and collaboration, and/or which need significant external investment. The development of this roadmap has shown parties from along the value chain are able to come together in mutual support of their common interests, despite their differences. Maintaining this level of cooperation and momentum and then extending it to engage with State and Federal Government on major policy initiatives is a critical next step.





1. Queensland Reef Water Quality Programme



<u>3. ABARES survey of Australian sugar</u> <u>cane businesses</u>



2. ABARES financial performance of sugarcane farms



4. Sugar Policy Insights

This will include government policy support



The near-term aspirations of the Sugar Plus vision can largely be achieved within existing policy frameworks, although some regulatory barriers to investment will need to be amended or removed. Delivering on the much wider opportunity to support Australia's transition to net zero will require a step-change increase in agricultural production, significant investment in new infrastructure, and widespread adoption of measures to enhance environmental and ecological sustainability. Significant government policy support will be required to encourage and enable this transition, especially in relation to the large-scale projects required to establish a significant bioeconomy. The latter are highlighted in blue below and merit dedicated workstreams (see following pages).

	Incentivise best practice: Invest in industry best practices, review current funding provided and continue to support e.g. Smartcane BMP and/or other programmes
	Diversification and investment: Consider alternative approaches and policy settings that facilitate value adding diversification initiatives. Ensure policy/regulatory settings are appropriate to encourage large scale capital investments
	Assist on-farm productivity: Increase farm-level productivity by improving government capital loan schemes to further acknowledge farm-level efficiencies
	Incentivise sustainable expansion of the industry: Develop a whole-of-industry "ask" to government in relation to policy changes required to support industry
	Water optimisation: Analyse existing infrastructure and irrigation schemes to develop a water optimisation strategy to support new cane land, including eg new infrastructure
	Efficient water use through water trading/water markets: Develop/enhance a water trading scheme that maximises the utilisation and efficient allocation of water permits
	Review FIRB rules for the industry: Foster foreign investment by reviewing and considering improvements to current FIRB rules for the industry
	Competing land use analysis: Commission a report to understand current and future uses of land in the coastal strip to understand the competitive forces and land trajectory
	Bioplastics: Develop a comprehensive national bioplastics plan, building on existing national plans to reduce plastic waste (the National Plastics Plan)
	Biofuels: Develop a comprehensive national biofuels plan that addresses the needs of the aviation sector and, as appropriate, also includes bunker fuels/gas oil and diesel
	Large scale ecological optimisation: Develop plans for how best to ensure new large-scale agricultural production is ecologically sustainable, including (eg) measures that ensure offsetting increases in biodiversity in other locations
	The wider bioeconomy: Develop a comprehensive national bioeconomy plan that links investment in bioplastics and biofuels with other areas of opportunity in the bioeconomy and facilitates development of related infrastructure
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4. RSB – Global Sustainability Framework





5. Australia's Bioenergy Roadmap



<u>roadmap</u>



6. Bio-based Building Blocks and Polymers

Collaborative leadership will be vital for success

There are many supply-side measures to be implemented in the near to medium term, both by individual growers and groups of growers, as well as at a mill-area level. We outline below how stakeholders across the industry could work together to implement the required measures.

	Near term opportunities (impact by 2025)				
	Optimising production and processing	Leveraging the strength of the supply chain	Adding value to existing production		
Primary objectives	 Increase profitability of production Increase efficiency along the entire value chain Reduce overall environmental footprint 	 Ensure optimal use of existing assets Explore alternative forms to leverage assets Maximise value achieved all along value chain 	 Increase overall economic value added Secure new local demand for high quality feedstock Identify new revenue streams to diversify risk 		
Initial national planning	Establish a nat	ional working group to provide overal	l co-ordination		
	Establish/finalise priorities at each mill area and establish regional action teams				
Regional and local planning	Establish/finalise mechanisms for sharing experience between regions				
	Establish/refine resources to support local initiatives by farmers/groups of farmers				
	Dovo	lon a detailed profile of inductory stake	boldors		
	Initial pilots and trials	Initial pilots and trials	Develop business plans for a set of pilot projects		
Implementation of initiatives	Review experience and adapt as needed	Review experience and adapt as needed	Deliver pilots		
	Roll-out within relevant communities	Adopt measures along value chain	Review experience and adapt as needed		
	Build support for larger-scale initiatives	Secure funding to pursue larger/ new projects	Secure increased funding to support expansion		
Expansion and improvement	Identify priorities and develop business cases	Identify opportunities to complement supply chain	Scale up successful projects/ initiatives		
	Implement larger scale- initiatives	Deploy plan to maximise supply chain value	Continue to identify new value added products		

Major initiatives require national co-ordination

The larger initiatives related to development of a national bioeconomy will require national coordination and carefully targeted policy support. In addition to the opportunities related to biofuels and bioplastics, a strong focus will be needed on developing the infrastructure required to support long-term growth, whilst also ensuring environmental and ecological sustainability.

Medium term opportuni	ties (impact by 2030)	Longe	er term	
 Establishing a national biofuels industry Reboot the domestic biofuels sector Become a major supplier of biofuel for aviation Reduce national dependence on imports 	 Establishing a national bioplastics industry Launch a domestic bioplastics industry Become a major supplier of domestic bioplastics Create new value-added activities onshore 	 Infrastructure and environment Optimise industry infrastructure Support significant industry expansion Environmental and ecological sustainability 	Future of fabrication • Watching brief on emerging bioproducts (i.e. beyond biofuels and bioplastics) • Prioritise opportunities and business case development	Primary objectives
Set up biofuels task force	Bioplastics task force	2050 task force		F
Establish initial priorities and develop commercial business cases	Establish initial priorities and develop commercial business cases	Validate potential scale of opportunity and environmental barriers	Establish task force and define scope of activities in more detail	iitial planni
In parallel, identify policy support measures that would be needed	In parallel, identify policy support measures that would be needed	Identify how best to realise the opportunity		ng
Implement proposed policy measures	Implement proposed policy measures	Detailed feasibility studies		_
Create implementation consortia and progress feasibility studies	Create implementation consortia and progress feasibility studies	Design phase (agronomy, infrastructure, environment)	and support stakeholder engagement and development of burgings models	reparation
Secure finance and launch pilot projects	Secure finance and launch pilot projects	Finalise delivery model and proposed partner(s)	business models	
Following successful pilots, commission and build full- scale projects	Following successful pilots, commission and build full- scale projects	Construction and initial operations	Construction and operation of pilot production facilities	Launch
Expansion around initial projects and in additional locations	Expansion around initial projects and in additional locations	Further long-term expansion	Further investment and manufacturing scale-up	Scale-up

Success can be tracked using six high level measures

The success metrics provide a simple and straightforward way of measuring whether the industry is making sufficient progress towards the objectives set out in the Sugar Plus vision. They are thus intended to be straightforward in nature and easy to collate, as quantitative as possible (so that they do not rely on judgement or qualitative elements) and as simple as possible to interpret.

The measures track overall progress that is relevant to the entire value chain. These are first order measures for the entire industry – there will be more detailed leading and lagging indicators that are relevant to individual segments and local priorities.

1

RELIABILITY – Processing time

Processing time as a percentage of total crushing time after allowing for wet weather (in line with Bonsucro's international standard for reliability, increased by 10% against Bonsucro's stated target of >75%). >85% Processing time / total crushing time

EFFICIENCY – Return on total assets

The overall efficiency with which assets are used can be measured by calculating the return on total assets, i.e. the pre-tax profit generated in a given period, divided by the total assets used to generate that return. Larger scale projects: 10% to 12% Smaller scale projects: 12% to 15% (Subject to risk profile)

SCALE - Total volume of cane harvested

This is a very simple measure that captures output at the most fundamental level (i.e. is not directly affected by commodity prices). Importantly, as bioeconomy activity grows, a greater proportion of cane will be processed into bioplastics and biofuels, which may not involve the production of sugar as an intermediate stage.



GROWTH – Total capital invested in major projects

This should include both an estimate of the value of net increases in land under cane (e.g. using standardised valuation metrics) as well as investment in both industry infrastructure and capital equipment. This investment will be the critical lead indicator of whether sufficient resources are being deployed quickly enough to deliver the vision.

A\$3bn to A\$4bn of cumulative capital investment by 2030

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STAKEHOLDERS - Industry-wide engagement

We recommend that the industry conducts an annual survey of relevant stakeholders, with the objective of generating a single measure of industry support for ongoing implementation of the vision. This would be tracked over time – ultimately the most important element being whether engagement is increasing over time.

Score should increase over time

SUSTAINABLE IMPACT

The establishment of substantial bioeconomy activity will contribute significantly to elimination of net CO2 emissions, measurable using a suitable accreditation standard. The industry will establish and adopt appropriate science-based targets that measure the overall impact on CO2 emissions as well as the achievement of other environmental goals. Overall contribution to reduction in national CO2 emissions

> In addition, science-based targets to measure other environmental goals

Positioning Australia as a bioeconomy powerhouse

Achievement of these goals could dramatically increase the size of the Australian industry, with significant benefits for regional and rural communities. Whilst the implied growth is high, similar industry expansion has been achieved in other major growing regions, including Brazil and Thailand, over multi-decadal periods.

Delivery of the vision will also position Australia as a bioeconomy powerhouse, enabling the production of many different types of product from plant-based feedstocks as illustrated below. In doing so, it will be essential to ensure environmental and ecological sustainability.



Sound governance is critical to the roadmap's success

This project is the beginning of a collaboration-focused (rather than advocacy-focused) leadership effort to secure industry support, identify local champions and take the first steps towards the vision. Coordinated, long-term stewardship of this roadmap will be essential by leaders within the industry across the value chain.



Our key funding body and representatives of industry organisations have been instrumental in delivering the Sugar Plus vision and roadmap. Thanks also to Pottinger for their support in engaging across the industry supply chain to coordinate and draft the roadmap on behalf of industry.



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Ricky Mio, President AgForce



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Want to know more?

Industry representative organisations will establish a series of working groups to drive progress and realisation of Sugar Plus. For more information, or to get involved, contact your industry representative organisation.

CANEGROWERS

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